Homework 4

Goal: To learn to use anonymous functions, m-file functions and recursion.

Due: March 14

Problems:

1. Write an anonymous function sphere.m to calculate the volume of a sphere. The function should accept as input the radius of the sphere. Generalize your function so that it can accept an array of radius values. The program P1.m should prompt the user for the radius of a sphere and then print the volume.

What to turn in:

• P1.m

2. Write an m-file function **sphere.m** to calculate the volume and surface area of a sphere. The function should accept as input the radius of the sphere. Generalize your code so that it can accept an array of radius values. Write a program that prompts the user for the radius of a sphere and then print the volume and surface area.

What to turn in:

- P2.m
- sphere.m function that returns the volume and surface area of a sphere
- 3. *Hermite Polynomials*. Write a recursive m-file function to calculate hermite polynomials using the recursion relation

$$H_{n+1}(x) = 2xH_n(x) - 2nH_{n-1}(x)$$

and the fact that $H_0(x) = 1$ and $H_1(x) = 2x$. Hermite polynomials are defined on $-\infty < x < \infty$ for $n \ge 0$. Your function should be able to accept an array of values for x. Write a program to plot the n^{th} Hermite polynomial over a specified domain $-L \le x \le L$. Create a graph in pdf format for the n = 10 Hermite polynomial.

What to turn it:

- hermite.m m-file function that returns the n^{th} Hermite polynomial.
- P3.m program that graphs the Hermite polynomial
- P3.pdf graph of n = 10
- 4. Quantum Harmonic Oscillator. Modify your program on HW 2, problem 5 to plot the quantum harmonic oscillator wave function $\psi_n(y)$ and the probability density $|\psi_n(y)|^2$ for a user-defined value of n. The n^{th} wave function is given by

$$\psi_n(y) = \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^{1/4} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2^n n!}} H_n(y) e^{-y^2/2}$$

where $H_n(y)$ is the n^{th} hermite polynomial. As before, your program should shade under the curve for $|\psi_n(y)|^2$ and show the classical turning points as vertical dashed lines. Your program should also auto scale the axis limits so the function fills the plot area.

Code specifications:

- Use your hermite function (previous problem) to write another function psi.m that returns $\psi_n(y)$ for the simple harmonic oscillator. You should pass an array y and the value n to the function. The function should return the wave function $\psi_n(y)$.
- You can set $\alpha = m\omega/\hbar = 1$ if you like to simplify things.

Run your code for the n = 10 energy level.

What to turn it:

- psi.m function that returns the n^{th} quantum harmonic oscillator wave function.
- P4.m program that graphs the n^{th} quantum harmonic oscillator wave function
- P4.pdf graph of the 10^{th} quantum harmonic oscillator wave function